

SUBMERGED CAR DRAGGED TO LAND

Criticism of the Way in Which
the Salvage Was Con-
ducted.

FIFTEEN VICTIMS ARE DEAD

Nine Bodies Are Missing and
Were Probably Washed
Out of Car.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NORFOLK, VA., August 19.—The work of hunting for the bodies in the submerged cars of the Atlantic Coast Line at Bruce Station continued to-day, with the result of finding two more bodies, making fourteen in all, and one of them that of W. E. Jolly, the white man who organized the negro excursion from Kingston, N. C. One more victim died at St. Vincent's to-night, making fifteen dead.

The sunken coach was made fast to a tug, dragged a hundred feet down the Western Branch, with a strong current pouring through it in the opposite direction. Fifteen or twenty minutes later it was dragged to dry land by a locomotive. The rear end of the car was completely knocked out, and through this large aperture all bodies, if any more really were there, as well as almost all the seats and other fixtures, were washed out. Seats from the coach as it was dragged down stream floated from the end of the car to the water surface, and if they held down any corpses these were released and washed up stream in the deep current.

Those who criticize this method of salvage say that if the rope connecting the car with tug and the railroad engine had been secured to the shattered end of the coach, the other end, which was intact, would have acted as a barrier to hold whatever might have been in the car. The divers, it is to be noted, say that the position of the car was such that it must have been swept clean before the wreckers began.

Of the fifty people estimated to have been in this coach, thirty were rescued, eleven were found dead, and nine are missing. Engineer Reigh, on whom the blame for the wreck has been placed by the railway officials, is still at the Sarah Leigh Hospital, and is recovering. He has told the nurse that he wishes to get out quickly in order to talk, but an order issued by the railway officials to-day denies admission to newspaper writers.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Every Precaution Taken By Rail-
road to Prevent Such Accidents.

(By Associated Press.)
NORFOLK, VA., August 19.—General Superintendent Anderson, of the Atlantic Coast Line, has issued the following official statement concerning the wreck at Bruce Station:

"In view of the comments made, both by the newspaper correspondents and many of the newspapers editorially, we think the public should know just what is done by the Atlantic Coast Line to avoid accidents of this character.

"Our book of rules, which is standard to nine-tenths of the great railroads of the country, provides:

"Trains must stop within three hundred feet of all draw bridges.

"In addition to this, our current time table, which contains a number of special rules and instructions, reference to draw bridges, railroad crossings, etc., has the following:

"All trains will come to a full stop at all draw bridges.

"In addition to these positive instructions, we have a white signpost, about eight feet high, which is about the height of an engine cab, with a cross-board about five feet in length, which is printed in black letters, four and six inches higher, 'Half mile to draw bridge crossing.'

"In addition to this, we have three hundred feet from the drawbridge a signpost, on the cross board of which is painted in black letters eight inches in height the word 'Stop!'

"While I believe that any fair mind will agree that the above should make an accident practically impossible, still we have not stopped at this, but require our bridge tender, as was done in this case, to set a red flag in the end of the track next to the draw while the draw is open. A red flag means 'danger,' and before such point can be passed the bridge watchman must remove the flag and give the train a signal to go ahead. No other kind of flag is ever used in this way, and therefore its character and purpose could admit of no doubt. The bridge watchman and his assistant were on the open draw, which they had just turned and through which a tug, pulling some long rafts, was passing.

"Our main line approaching this draw is practically level and perfectly straight for more than a mile. How such an accident could have occurred under conditions as stated above, and not one of which admits of the slightest question, is beyond our comprehension."

SEARCH FOR ATHOS.

Collier Brutus Hurries to Sea to
Look for Disabled Steamer.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 19.—The naval collier Brutus, with 3,000 tons of coal and cargo aboard, put to sea from this port late this afternoon to search for the missing American steamship Athos, which is twelve days overdue from Port Antonio for New York. The Athos, which was a valuable cargo ship, was last spoken on August 20 by the steamer Watson, 125 miles north of San Salvador Island, in the Bahamas. When spoken the frigate's engines were disabled, and it is supposed that she is now drifting helplessly somewhere on the Atlantic. The collier Brutus arrived here Thursday, and she began loading coal under hurry orders early this morning.

Republican Nominee.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
LURAY, VA., August 19.—The Republican of Rappahannock county yesterday nominated J. Browning Wood, of that county, for the House of Delegates from

THE TURN OF LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many
Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare
for It. Two Relate their Experience.

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain. When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dizziness, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and incontinence, and all these, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are all just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried thousands of women safely through this crisis.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—
I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the change of life. My womb was badly swollen; my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeded Where Others Fail.



Mrs. A.E.G. Hyland

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the change of life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chesterford, Md.

Another Woman's Case.

"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the womb. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared."

"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for any woman at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeded Where Others Fail.



MRS. W. W. EDWARDS.

This lady has the pleasing distinction of having been awarded the prize for being the best looking married woman on the recent Retail Grocers' Association to Buckroe Beach.

and started for the capes as soon as the coal was aboard.
She will go directly south to prosecute the search for the frigate, and she has sufficient coal and supplies to remain at sea for weeks.

Barn Burned.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
RAPIDAN, VA., August 19.—Mr. Joseph Wilmer's barn and dairy were destroyed by fire Thursday night. The contents of both houses were lost, with a large quantity of hay, which was in the barn, and being green was the origin of the fire; fortunately no stock was lost. Both houses carried a heavy insurance.

Republican Nominee.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
LURAY, VA., August 19.—The Republican of Rappahannock county yesterday nominated J. Browning Wood, of that county, for the House of Delegates from

NEWS GATHERED FROM SOUTHSIDE

To Appoint Election Officers in
Oak Grove and Swans-
boro.

CLEAR WATER COMMITTEE

Church Services To-day—Captain
Cunningham Sings at Bain-
bridge Street Church.

Manchester Bureau, Times-Dispatch.

The election officers of Swansboro and Oak Grove have not yet been appointed. Mr. Don Owen stated last night that they would be appointed to-morrow morning, when also the polling places will be decided upon. He stated, too, that one Martin and one Montague would be appointed, the other to be chosen by the ordinary methods from among those most eligible.

New Clear Water Committee.

The new committee of the clear water question has been appointed, and is as follows: From the City Assembly, C. C. Jones, A. J. Daffron and T. E. Taylor; from the Board of Aldermen, J. T. Abbott and A. R. Hooker.

It is now earnestly hoped that the new committee will make a report at the meeting toward the settling of this question, which to no purpose has so long agitated the minds of the Manchester citizens. Though the water is exactly the same as that received at Richmond, the citizens of Manchester have for some time discussed means whereby their water may be purified and made more fit for use.

Applies for Divorce.

Mr. R. T. Newman, of Manchester, an employee of the Virginia Passenger and Power Company, has filed with the Corporation Court of Manchester a suit for absolute divorce and the custody of his two children. A. C. Ford is named co-respondent in the case. Mr. Ernest Wells is counsel for Mr. Newman.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman came here from Mechanicsville, and have lived in Manchester about a year. Mr. Newman is very popular among his associates, and is spoken of very highly by all who know him.

Mr. Newman found Ford in his wife's room one night on returning unexpectedly, and drove both him and Mrs. Newman from his home. He pursued Ford, but was unable to capture him. This is the cause of the proceedings.

Services To-day.

Rev. Arthur B. Davidson will preach to-day in Bainbridge Street Baptist Church.

Rev. B. E. Hudson, pastor of Asbury Church, will preach at both services to-day. His morning theme is "My Brother's Burden and My Own." At night he will preach on "Seedtime and the Harvest."

Rev. C. V. Vaughn will conduct both services in Clifton Street Church to-day. Beginning to-morrow night and continuing each night this week thereafter, Rev. J. B. Cook, of Amherst county, will conduct a series of revival services in that church.

Rev. A. W. Chandler will preach at both services in Central Methodist Episcopal Church. His morning theme will be "The Touch of Faith." At night he will preach on "The Influence of Association."

Bitten By a Mad Dog.
Dr. Lawrence Ingram, of Manchester, had a case brought to him last night of a little girl, who was bitten Friday morning by a mad dog.

The little girl is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bagley, of Lunenburg county, who are very prominent in their locality.

The little girl is only five years of age. The wound was in the left arm, there being a white puncture, which, fortunately, are not very deep. The dog which bit her was himself bitten about ten days ago, and is now showing signs of incipient rabies. The animal is being kept under lock for developments.

The case is being attended to by Dr. A. S. Hoen, of the Pasteur Department of the Virginia Hospital.

Personals and Briefs.
Mr. George W. Dunnivan, of Chesterfield county, and Mr. Benjamin W. Childress, of Powhatan county, were in the city yesterday.

Announcements have been made for the members of Joseph E. Johnston Camp of Confederate Veterans to hold their own party on the courthouse green to-morrow night. The affair will run four nights. Tickets are sold at ten cents, and entitle the holder to a saucer of ice cream.

The little son of T. A. Bowen still continues ill.

Miss Laura Ludley has returned from Ocean View.

Mrs. C. A. Buckner is home again, after a visit to relatives in Chesterfield county. Miss Ruth Blunt has returned from a visit to her mother and sister in Greensboro, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Adamson, who are at Mountain Lake, are expected home to-morrow.

Miss Daisy Royall, of Amelia county, is visiting her brother, H. A. Royall, at 1022-3 Hull Street.

James Joseph Watson has returned home, after a three weeks' visit to friends in Rocky Mount, N. C.

The election officers for Pulliam's precinct are P. B. Winfree, registrar; Albert Stroud, judge; and E. M. Troy, clerk. The polling place will be at Pulliam's old store.

Captain Frank W. Cunningham will sing the offertory at Bainbridge Street Baptist Church to-night. The selection will be "Come Unto Me," by Lindsay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Battle, who have been spending the summer in their country home near Quaker Run, expect to return to the city early next week.

Miss Mangle Brasswell, niece of Mrs. T. W. Cheatham, who has been ill in the home of her aunt with typhoid, is convalescing.

A meeting of the Mann Club of Swansboro, has been called for to-morrow night at 8 o'clock in the home of W. J. Adkins, to complete arrangements for the primary Tuesday.

Judge and Mrs. William L. Clifton have returned from a pleasant stay at Old Point, and other Virginia watering places.

Miss Adet Cooke left yesterday morning for Clifton Forge and the White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Julia Gibbs of this city, is visiting friends in Danville, Va. She is the wife of Mrs. I. E. Redford, of 201 Porter Street.

There will be services at Sacred Heart Church to-day at 7 and 9 o'clock.

MR. CABELL EXPLAINS.
Says That Mr. Ellyson's Answer Was An Evasion.

In view of the fact that the Republican platform made the school book ques-

tion an issue in this campaign, and it thus became important that the Democrats should know in advance what the record of my competitor is upon it, I gave the following interview to the Norfolk Public Ledger and the Richmond papers, August 19th:

"That Virginia is not now furnishing her children school books at cost," said Mr. Cabell, "is due purely and solely to J. Taylor Ellyson and the late John B. Massey. The Journal of the State Senate, of which Mr. Ellyson was a member in 1886, contains two pages of a recital of the method by which the bill to furnish school books at cost was defeated.

The Democratic platform of that year promised (from school books), just as the Republican platform of yesterday does, and when the Legislature met, a bill for free books was introduced. It was passed by the House readily, but the book lobbyists were on hand at the Senate, and after the bill had been amended for 'books at cost,' it was put upon its passage. The Senate journal shows that the vote was announced as 13 to 12 in favor of the bill, and the Lieutenant-Governor, John B. Massey, named Hon. Taylor Berry, of Amherst, to notify the House of its passage.

"After Mr. Berry had left the Senate chamber, Mr. Ellyson announced that he noticed that he had not been recorded as voting, and that he wished to vote 'No.' This made a tie vote, and Mr. Massey cast the deciding vote against the bill and 'books at cost' was thus defeated.

"All this," continued Mr. Cabell, "is a matter of record in the Senate Journal, and is not a matter of conjecture or campaign accusation."

Mr. Ellyson's answer was an evasion. He claimed that a report of a committee showed that it would cost a large sum to carry out this measure. Mr. Ellyson must have remembered, what both the House and Senate Journals show, that this report was not upon 'Books at Cost,' but upon Free Books, and the report was based upon figures taken from these States, which were not only furnishing free books, but also all school supplies free to the public school children.

The bill as first offered was in accordance with the law in most of the progressive States in the country, and provided for free books, but after the report, Mr. Ellyson refers to it, it was amended so as to provide for books at cost only. This would have cost the State little, but would have been a great saving to the people of Virginia, and would have deprived the northern publishing houses of the large profits they were reaping. It was this bill that Mr. Ellyson's vote defeated.

Respectfully,
JAMES ALSTON CABELL.

PARK CONCERTS.

An Entertaining Programme Has
Been Arranged for This Week.

The programme of the park concerts for the week is given here:

March, "The Lincoln Imp." Clander.
Overture, "Zampa" (by request), Herold.

Spanish Serenade, "La Paloma" (by request) Vradier.
Gems from the Opera, "Un Ballo in Maschera," Verdi.

Largo, (by request) Handel.
Clarinet Solo, "Swiss Shepherd," Musone.

Grand selection from "Der Freischuetz," Weber.

An African Idyl, "Timbuctoo," (by request) Gelbel.

Waltz, "Les Sirenes," Waldteufel.
March, "The Bachelors' Maids," St. Clair.

"Star Spangled Banner" and "Dixie." Felix Landels, Bandmaster.

The schedule follows:
Monday, Marshall Square, 8:30 to 10:30 P. M.

Tuesday, Monroe Square, 8:30 to 10:30 P. M.

Wednesday, Gamble's Hill, 8:30 to 10:30 P. M.

Thursday, Chimborazo Park, 8:30 to 10:30 P. M.

Friday, Jefferson Park, 8:30 to 10:30 P. M.

Saturday, Reservoir Park, 5 to 7 P. M.

By request the following waltzes will be played during the week:
Monday, "Dream on the Ocean," Gungl.

Thursday, "Artist's Life," Strauss.
Friday, "Die Hydrophobe," Gungl.

YVETTE GUILBERT WANTED TO START FUND FOR PAULUS

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch and Copyright, by the New York Herald Co.)
PARIS, August 19.—Yvette Guilbert, touched by the statement that the famous music hall singer, Paulus, is in distress, offers to head the list of subscribers to a fund for him, in memory of her hard-up youth, when she sang "The Song of the Shirt" all day as a needle woman and joined in Paulus' choruses in the evening.

She was under the impression he wanted to enter the theatrical business, but she was mistaken, but this seems a mistake. Paulus still has money enough left to enter as a paying inmate.

FALSE HUNGER

A Symptom of Stomach Trouble
Corrected by Good Food.

There is, with some forms of stomach disease, an abnormal craving for food which is frequently mistaken for a "good appetite." A lady teacher writes from Carthage, Mo., to explain how with good food she dealt with this sort of harmful hunger.

"I have taught school for fifteen years," she writes, "and up to nine years ago had good, average health. My diet was always generous, comprising whatever I took a fancy to. I ate freely. Nine years ago, however, my health began to fail, and continued to grow worse, steadily, in spite of doctors' prescriptions, frequent changes of residence and everything I could do. During all this time my appetite continued good, only the more I ate the more I wanted to eat—I was always hungry. The first symptoms of nervous breakdown were distressing headaches, loss of sleep and a loss of flesh. The nervousness grew so bad that finally it amounted to actual prostration. Then came stomach troubles, which were very painful, constipation, which brought on piles, dyspepsia and severe nervous headaches. I seemed powerless to help myself. I was overworked, and at last urged me to give up teaching. If I wished to save my life.

"But this could not do. I kept on at it as well as I could, each day growing more wretched, and with power alone suggested that I try a diet of Grape-Nuts in food, and from that day to this I have eaten it, finding it delicious, always appetizing and satisfying. I owe my complete restoration to health to Grape-Nuts, and my nervousness in using it.

My weight has returned, and for more than two years I have been free from the nervousness, constipation, piles, headaches, and all the ailments that used to punish me so, and have been able to work freely and cheerfully. Name Grape-Nuts in Carthage, Mo., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

"But this could not do. I kept on at it as well as I could, each day growing more wretched, and with power alone suggested that I try a diet of Grape-Nuts in food, and from that day to this I have eaten it, finding it delicious, always appetizing and satisfying. I owe my complete restoration to health to Grape-Nuts, and my nervousness in using it.

My weight has returned, and for more than two years I have been free from the nervousness, constipation, piles, headaches, and all the ailments that used to punish me so, and have been able to work freely and cheerfully. Name Grape-Nuts in Carthage, Mo., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Captain Micajah Woods Gives Five Good Reasons Why Judge Mann Should Be Nominated For Governor.

To the Democrats of Virginia:

Since I determined to give my support to Judge William Hodges Mann for Governor of Virginia in the Democratic Primary Election soon to be held—and since I had the honor of introducing him to a large audience of Albemarle people recently, I have had many appeals made to me locally as well from other sections of the State to give to the public some of the reasons which have impelled me to advocate his election, as expressed by me in the remarks that I submitted to the people of Charlottesville and Albemarle.

In my opinion, the people of Virginia are fortunate in having three candidates for the position, all of whom are gentlemen of clean records and high character, and of excellent ability. All three of them I will say are personal friends of mine, and I found the greatest difficulty of determining how I should decide between them, but after careful reflection, and having nothing in view but the good of my people and the welfare of Virginia and Virginians—having no aspiration for any office which could be bestowed upon me either by popular vote or by appointment, I reached the conclusion that under existing conditions it was my duty to give my support to Judge Mann.

I recognize the fact that all three of the aspirants are in favor of good roads, of public schools, of economic administration of government and for every measure which would promote the welfare of the State, but my choice fell upon Judge Mann for the following reasons:

HIS PARTY SERVICE.

First. I recognize the fact that for the last thirty years in season and out of season, when the destinies of our beloved State have been at stake, he has unselfishly canvassed, with great ability, the Commonwealth at his own expense in almost every important campaign in which the destinies of the Democratic party were involved. He is a gentleman of ripe experience and a representative of that type of Virginians, who in the past have done so much to elevate the character and manhood of the State; and along with these qualities, he unites a vigorous intellect and a warm and aggressive sympathy with every measure promotive of honor and the welfare of the Commonwealth. Cherishing and representing the best traditions of the past he still retains the intellectual vigor to seize upon every proposition that may arise for the advancement of his people.

HIS SERVICE IN THE SENATE.

Second. Because he has conferred a benefaction upon the State, while he made a sacrifice personally by consenting, though a man of limited means, to serve in the Senate of Virginia where the compensation is merely nominal, and by contributing his great abilities and experience in framing laws of the State. It is well known that it is exceedingly difficult to induce gentlemen of high character, of trained ability and prominence in business circles to agree to serve in the Legislature of Virginia, and the people of Virginia owe a deep debt of gratitude to men of that class, who have consented to serve the State in that body. When he became a member of the Senate, by reason of his acknowledged ability, he was first made chairman of the Democratic caucus of the Senate and afterwards was chosen as the chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and thus became the political leader of the Democratic party in that body.

THE MANN LAW.

Third. Because this gentleman proved that he had the elements of independence and leadership in inaugurating and espousing what is known as the "Mann Law," which mere politicians and time-servers dreaded, and succeeded in engineering its passage through a Democratic Legislature, the result of which is that about eight hundred bar-rooms have been closed up in the country districts of Virginia where no police protection is given the people, owing to which the criminal expenses of the State are greatly reduced, while at the same time the revenues of the State have been greatly augmented by reason of the increased license taxes on saloons in the cities.

I will say here that I am not a Prohibitionist, and if I thought that Judge Mann was in favor of a general and sweeping prohibition law, I should oppose his election, for I believe in the policy of allowing local option to the people of each district, county and city in determining the control of the liquor traffic. It cannot be denied that the results of the enforcement of the "Mann Law" in Virginia, have made thousands and tens of thousands of the mothers, wives and daughters of the Commonwealth feel happier and safer in their homes and in their lives; and I honor the man who had the nerve, sagacity and the boldness to inaugurate and manfully advocate a policy, which has been such a blessing to his State.

THE LAST CHANCE TO HONOR HIM.

Fourth. Because I feel that the people of the Commonwealth owe a debt of profound gratitude to this gentleman; and that if the Democrats of Virginia fail to avail themselves of this opportunity to recognize his services and generously reward him, it will be the last chance probably they will ever have to do him this honor; and because the two gentlemen, who are seeking the same position, can well afford to wait four years or longer for the honor which they seek.

Judge Mann, as is well known, is a man who has fought his own battle in life, who after the Civil War had nothing to rely upon but his own labor and his manly character, and in season and out of season, he has traversed the Commonwealth in the service of the Democratic party for more than a generation, solely for the love and devotion which he bears his mother, Virginia.

A CONFEDERATE SOLDIER.

Fifth. Because, as one who was himself a Confederate soldier, I recall the fact that among the privates in the ranks on the firing lines, where the chief danger was incurred, there were many who, in point of high courage, lofty character and qualification to command, were equal and often superior to those who held commissions as officers. These were the men, who, by their example and splendid heroism under the shower of shot and shell, made immortal the Army of Northern Virginia.

William Hodges Mann was a private soldier in the Army of Northern Virginia, and as such faithfully performed his duty. He has elevated to the gubernatorial chair a long line of distinguished officers of various grades, but as yet we have not placed the laurel crown upon any one of that immortal band who fought as privates in the ranks.

I feel that Virginia will honor herself by honoring one of that splendid and matchless class of citizens, and as a Confederate soldier and as a Virginian, I feel that I would live more happily and die more contentedly feeling that a private soldier of that great army that followed Lee has been promoted by the people, and has been elevated to the highest office in the Commonwealth.

Respectfully yours,
MICAJAH WOODS.

AN APPEAL MADE TO DEMOCRATS

Petersburg Chairman Bids Them
to Turn Out Tues-
day.

###